

WRITING SAMPLE PAPER - 1



Summarize Written Text

1. In recent years, remote work has emerged as a significant trend in many industries, largely driven by advances in technology and the global shift caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. Companies have increasingly adopted flexible work policies, allowing employees to perform their duties from home or other non-traditional office settings. Supporters argue that remote work improves productivity, reduces commute time, and enhances work-life balance. It also allows businesses to cut costs on office space and utilities. However, critics point out challenges such as employee isolation, communication barriers, and difficulty maintaining company culture. Additionally, not all job roles are suitable for remote work, and some workers may lack a conducive home environment. As organizations continue to assess long-term strategies, many are adopting hybrid models that combine remote and in-office work, aiming to balance flexibility with collaboration and productivity.
2. Climate change is widely regarded as one of the most urgent global problems today. Its impacts are evident in rising sea levels, melting ice caps, more frequent natural disasters, and extreme weather patterns. These environmental changes threaten ecosystems, food security, and human health, particularly in vulnerable regions. The primary cause of climate change is the emission of greenhouse gases from human activities, including transportation, deforestation, and industrial production. International agreements like the Paris Accord aim to limit global warming, but progress remains slow. In addition to government policy, public awareness and corporate responsibility play essential roles in addressing the issue. Scientists warn that immediate, large-scale action is necessary to avoid irreversible damage. Climate change is no longer a distant concern but a present-day crisis that requires a coordinated, global response involving policy reform, clean energy innovation, and widespread behavioral change from individuals and institutions alike.
3. Critical thinking is the ability to analyze information logically, evaluate arguments, and make reasoned decisions. It plays a crucial role in academic success, professional growth, and informed citizenship. In an age where misinformation spreads rapidly, individuals who apply critical thinking are better equipped to distinguish facts from opinions or falsehoods. This skill involves questioning assumptions, recognizing biases, and considering alternative perspectives. Education systems increasingly emphasize critical thinking over rote memorization, aiming to prepare students for real-world challenges. In workplaces, critical thinkers are valued for their problem-solving abilities and sound judgment. Developing critical thinking requires practice, openness to feedback, and a willingness to reflect on one's own reasoning. Despite its importance, many people struggle with it due to cognitive biases or lack of training. As a foundational life skill, critical thinking empowers people to navigate complex issues thoughtfully and to make well-informed choices in both personal and professional contexts.

4. Motivation is the internal drive that influences people to initiate and sustain actions toward achieving specific goals. It can stem from internal desires, such as personal growth or passion, or external rewards like money and recognition. Psychologists classify motivation into two types: intrinsic and extrinsic. Intrinsic motivation arises from within the individual and often leads to long-term satisfaction, while extrinsic motivation depends on external factors and may not be as sustainable. In educational and professional settings, motivation is a key factor influencing performance and success. Understanding what motivates individuals helps teachers, employers, and leaders create environments that foster engagement and productivity. However, motivation can fluctuate based on emotional, physical, or environmental conditions. Setting clear goals, receiving constructive feedback, and celebrating progress can help maintain motivation. Ultimately, motivation is essential for overcoming obstacles, pursuing meaningful objectives, and achieving personal and professional fulfillment.
5. Intelligence is often defined as the ability to acquire and apply knowledge and skills. Traditionally measured by IQ tests, intelligence was once considered a single, fixed trait. However, modern psychology has expanded this view, proposing multiple intelligences, such as logical-mathematical, linguistic, interpersonal, and spatial abilities. Emotional intelligence, or the capacity to recognize and manage emotions, is now recognized as equally important in both personal and professional contexts. Intelligence is influenced by genetics, the environment, education, and social interaction, and it can evolve through experience and learning. Despite ongoing debates about its definition and measurement, intelligence is widely regarded as a crucial factor in academic and career success. Critics argue that overemphasis on standardized testing can overlook creativity and practical skills. As society becomes more complex, the understanding of intelligence continues to grow, reflecting its multifaceted nature and its significance in human development.
6. Screenwriting is the art and craft of writing scripts for films, television, and digital media. A successful screenplay includes compelling characters, engaging dialogue, and a well-structured plot. Screenwriters must understand pacing, tone, and visual storytelling to bring their narratives to life on screen. The standard format involves acts, scenes, and clear cues for actors and directors. While creativity is essential, screenwriters also work within constraints such as time limits, production budgets, and genre conventions. Many screenwriters collaborate with directors, producers, and editors to refine their scripts. In recent years, the rise of streaming platforms has created new opportunities for screenwriters, expanding the demand for high-quality content. However, the industry is competitive, and breaking in often requires persistence, networking, and industry knowledge. Screenwriting blends artistic vision with technical skill, and at its best, it shapes stories that resonate with global audiences across cultures and generations.

7. Folk songs are traditional musical compositions passed down orally through generations, often reflecting the culture, history, and values of a particular community. Unlike commercial music, folk songs typically originate from everyday life telling stories of love, labor, struggle, celebration, or historical events. They are usually composed by anonymous creators and evolve as they are shared and adapted by different singers. Instruments used in folk music vary by region but often include simple, handmade tools. Folk songs play a crucial role in preserving languages, dialects, and oral histories, especially in rural or indigenous cultures. In modern times, folk music has influenced popular genres and been revived by artists seeking to reconnect with cultural roots. Although globalization and digital media pose challenges to traditional folk music, efforts are being made worldwide to archive, record, and celebrate these songs as a vital part of intangible cultural heritage.
8. Proverbs are short, commonly known expressions that convey wisdom, moral lessons, or cultural values. They are often metaphorical and passed down through generations in both spoken and written forms. Found in nearly every language and culture, proverbs reflect collective experiences and provide guidance in daily life. For example, "Actions speak louder than words" emphasizes behavior over promises. Proverbs often condense complex ideas into simple, memorable phrases, making them useful for teaching and persuasion. In literature and conversation, they enrich communication by adding cultural depth and emotional resonance. However, proverbs may also reflect outdated beliefs or stereotypes if not interpreted in context. Their meanings can vary depending on usage and audience. Despite modern communication styles shifting toward direct language, proverbs remain relevant and are still widely used worldwide. They serve as tools for reflection, connection, and the transmission of cultural heritage and ethical principles.
9. The World Health Organization (WHO) is a specialized agency of the United Nations responsible for international public health. Established in 1948, its mission is to promote health, keep the world safe, and serve the vulnerable. WHO leads global responses to health crises, such as pandemics, by coordinating research, issuing guidelines, and supporting countries with resources and training. Beyond emergency response, WHO works on long-term health initiatives like immunization, disease prevention, maternal care, and health education. It also monitors global health trends and develops policies to address emerging challenges, including climate-related health risks. Critics have sometimes questioned WHO's responsiveness or political neutrality, but it remains a central authority in global health governance. Through partnerships with governments, NGOs, and scientists, WHO continues to strive for universal health coverage and equitable access to care, aiming to improve health outcomes worldwide and reduce health disparities.
10. Comedy is a form of entertainment that aims to amuse audiences through humor, often by highlighting the absurdities of everyday life. From ancient Greek plays to modern stand-up shows and sitcoms, comedy has evolved into diverse forms, including satire, parody, slapstick, and dark humor. Comedians use timing, wordplay, and social commentary to provoke laughter and reflection. While its primary purpose is

entertainment, comedy also serves as a powerful tool for addressing serious issues, challenging authority, and fostering social awareness. Cultural context plays a significant role in determining what people find funny, making humor highly subjective. With the rise of digital platforms, comedy has become more accessible but also more scrutinized for offensive content. Despite this, comedy continues to be a universal form of expression that helps people cope with stress, build community, and engage with the world in a more light-hearted, often thought-provoking way.

Write Essay

1. Animal testing has been widely used in scientific research and cosmetics. Do you agree or disagree that animal testing should be banned for cosmetic and medical research?
2. Global problems such as climate change and pandemics affect all countries and require urgent attention. Discuss both views and give your opinion on whether international cooperation is the only solution to these global problems.
3. Fine arts, including music and painting, play an important role in education. Do you agree or disagree that schools should allocate more funds to fine arts education?
4. The automobile industry is undergoing significant changes with the rise of electric cars. Discuss both sides and explain whether the shift towards electric vehicles is justified despite the challenges to traditional auto industries.
5. The dowry system continues to impact many societies, especially women. Do you agree or disagree that the dowry system is a social evil that should be strictly outlawed?
6. The beauty industry influences people's perceptions of appearance through cosmetics and advertising. Is the beauty industry promoting unrealistic standards through cosmetics and advertisements?
7. Western culture is spreading worldwide and influencing traditional values in many countries. Discuss both views and explain whether this cultural exchange is beneficial or harmful.
8. Manual labour is an essential part of the workforce. Do you agree or disagree that manual labour is undervalued in modern society and deserves more respect and recognition?
9. Technology has transformed the way people communicate and interact socially. Do the benefits of digital connectivity outweigh the drawbacks of reduced face-to-face interaction and weakening social bonds?
10. Practical learning and theoretical knowledge both contribute to education. Some people believe practical learning is more important. What is your opinion?